

For Online Transmission of Question Papers :- Make details to be available at web site

Sr. No.	Infrastructure facilities at College	Yes/No
Strong Room:		
1	It must have Single Door Entry /Exit (with Safety Door/Grill for windows)	Yes
2	Minimum Area shall be 20x20sq.ft.	
3	Adequate Steel Almira /Cupboard for storage of Answer Books.	
4	C.C.T.V. Camera with recording facility that covers entire area or Downloading and Printing of online transmission of Question Paper process.	Yes
5	Latest version Computer(Minimum4) and Printer(Minimum4)with Inverter facility, MSOffice , PDF Reader ,Winrar or Win zip.	Yes
6	Dual Internet service, Primary with 1:1 dedicated line of 100 mbps speed by class 'A' ISP, and alternate line with 1 : 1 dedicated line of 50mbps speed, by an another Class 'A' ISP to ensure uninterrupted Downloading facility, with 2 (two) static IP's, Internet Dongle.	Yes
7	Adequate Number of Paper Rims for printing Question Papers.	Yes
8	One Photo copy Machine, UPS Backup.	Yes
Scanning Room:		
9	Separate Scanning Room for scanning Answer Books after end of Examination Session under CCTV Surveillance. (Laptop and Scanners will be provided by the University Appointed Agency)	Yes
10	Dual Internet service, Primary with 1:1 dedicated line of 100 mbps speed by class 'A' ISP, and alternate line with 1 : 1 dedicated line of 50 mbps speed, by an another Class 'A' ISP to ensure uninterrupted Downloading facility, with2(two) static IP's, Internet Dongle.	Yes

To Set Up DEC for On screen Evaluation of Answer Books:

Sr. No.	Infrastructure facilities at College	Yes/No
1	Computers (20) with latest licensed Operating System Software (OSS) with antivirus and firewalls to provide all lock, work station with Computer charts and key board tray.	Yes
2	Wiring and Networking (with Raw Power Supply and UPS) and one Printer per DEC	Yes
3	Air conditioners, Biometric system, CCTV installation, Restrooms And 24x7 security.	Yes
4	Collapsible gate for the main entrance with Name board and locking Facility.	Yes
5	Dual Internet service, Primary with 1:1 dedicated line of 100 mbps speed by class 'A' ISP, and alternate line with 1 : 1 dedicated line of 50mbps speed, by another Class 'A' ISP to ensure uninterrupted Downloading facility, with2(two) static IP's.	Yes
6	Appointment of one Professor as a Examination Co-ordinator to Co-ordinate this Online process.	Yes
7	Separate Evaluation Room for Evaluating the Answer Books under CCTV Surveillance	Yes

Here by I declare all relevant document uploaded are clear and visible on web site & are true as per my knowledge & Belief

Date


Dean/Principal
Principal

Dr. Belinda S. S.

Hours: 2

Marks: 50

Instructions :-

- 1) Use black Ball Point Pen Only.
- 2) Do not write anything on the blank portion up the Question paper.
- 3) Does not editing the Question Paper & Changes in their type of act will be considered as an attempt to resorts to unfair.
- 4) All Questions are Compulsory.
- 5) The Number to the right indicates full Marks.
- 6) Draw diagram wherever necessary.

Section-(A)

ANATOMY

Question 1) Multiple Choice Questions

4x1=4

1. Which part of the digestive system contains symbiotic microorganisms

 - a. Duodenum
 - b. Appendix and rectum
 - c. Oral cavity and tongue
 - d. Caecum

2. In which part of the respiratory system, gaseous exchange takes place

 - a. Alveoli
 - b. Pharynx
 - c. Larynx
 - d. Trachea

3. The elastic tissue which connects the cauda epididymis to the scrotal sac is

 - a. Caput epididymis
 - b. Scrotal ligament
 - c. Gubernaculum
 - d. Tendinous cord

4. Division of joints allowing ample movement between 2 or more specific heads of bones are grouped as.....

 - a. Diarthrosis
 - b. Tendons And Tibia
 - c. Synarthroses
 - d. Ligaments and femur

Question 2) Very Short Question (Any Two Out of Three)

2x3=6

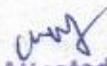
1. Explain about the structure of heart
2. Mitochondria
3. Thyroid gland

Question 3) Write short answer question (Any One Out of Two)

1x5=5

1. Explain the difference between small & large intestine.
2. Skin

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Question 4) Write long answer question (Any One Out of Two)

1x10=10

1. Describe kidney, gross structure, coverings, relations, blood supply, lymph drainage and nerve supply.

OR

2. Describe lungs under following heads:-

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| i. Features | 3 |
| ii. Roots of lung | 2 |
| iii. Mediastinum | 3 |
| iv. Applied anatomy | 2 |

Section-(B)
PHYSIOLOGY

Question 1) Multiple Choice Questions

4x1=4

1. Hyaline cartilage does not have

- | | |
|----------------------|------------|
| a. Blood capillaries | c. Lacunae |
| b. Cells | d. Fibres |

2. The seminiferous tubules of the testis are lined by the germinal epithelium consisting of

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| a. Spermatids | c. Spermatogonium |
| b. Cells Of Sertoli | d. Spermatocytes |

3. The joint in our elbow is an example of

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| a. Hinge Joint | c. Pivot Joint |
| b. Ball And Socket Joint | d. Gliding Joint |

4. Haversian canals occur in

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| a. Humerus | c. Pubis |
| b. Scapula | d. Clavicle |

Question 2) Very Short Question (Any Two Out of Three)

2x3=6

1. Cell cycle
2. Pulmonary circulation
3. Functions of respiratory organs.

Question 3) Write short answer question (Any One Out of Two)

1x5=5

1. Cardiac cycle
2. Enumerate the functions of thyroid gland. Add note on hyperthyroidism.

Question 4) Write long answer question (Any One Out of Two)

1x10=10

1. Define glomerular filtration rate (GFR) explain factors affecting GFR.

OR

2. Write composition and functions of saliva. Name the various phase of salivary secretions.

DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI

Basic B.Sc Nursing- 1st Year

CLASS TEST-II

Subject: Anatomy & Physiology

Total duration: section A+B+C= 3 Hours

Section: A+B+C Marks: 13+31+31=75

Instructions -:

- 1) Use black Ball Point Pen Only.
- 2) Do not write attempt thing on the blank portion up the Question paper.
- 3) Does not editing the Question Paper & Changes in their type of act will be considered as on attempt to resorts to unfair.
- 4) All Questions are Compulsory.
- 5) The Number to the right indicates full Marks.
- 6) Draw diagram wherever necessary.

SECTION-(B)

ANATOMY

Q2. Write long answer question (Attempt One Out of Two)

(1x10=10)

1. Describe Hip Joint under following heads:-

- i. Articular surface
- ii. Ligaments
- iii. Movements and muscles producing movements

OR

2. Describe physiology of respiration, lung volume, lung capacity and explain about pulmonary function test (PFT)

Q3. Short answer Questions (Attempt three out of four)

(3X5=15)

- a. Brachial Flexes
- b. Femoral Triangle
- c. Deltoid Muscle
- d. Synovial Joint

Q4. Short Answer Questions (Attempt three out of four)

(3x2=6)

- a. Factors Necessary For Erythropoiesis
- b. Urinary Bladder
- c. Epithelial Tissue
- d. Mammary gland


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SECTION-(C)

PHYSIOLOGY

Q5) Write long answer question (Attempt Any One Out of Two)

(1x10=10)

1. Describe thyroid gland under following headings-

- i. Morphology and situation
- ii. Relation
- iii. Blood supply
- iv. Clinical anatomy

OR

2. Describe the composition of Blood; describe the processes of Blood coagulation, bleeding time, clotting time and functions of WBC

Q6. Short answer Questions (Attempt Any three out of four)

(3X5=15)

- a. Describe the functions of Hypothalamus
- b. Functions of Respiratory organs
- c. Composition and functions of saliva
- d. Pulmonary circulation

Q7. Short Answer Questions (Attempt Any three out of four)

(3x2=6)

- a. Types Of Tissue
- b. Types Of Joints
- c. Functions Of Thyroid Hormones
- d. Functions Of Ureters, Bladder And Urethra

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IBSS

DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING AMRAVATI

BSC NURSING FIRST SEMESTER 2025-26

SESSIONAL EXAM-I

NURSING FOUNDATION-I

TIME: 2 HRS.

MARKS: 50

Q1. Multiple Choice Questions

(6X1=6)

1. Which of the following is the lowest level in Maslow's hierarchy of needs?

- A. Esteem needs
B. Physiological needs
C. Safety needs
D. Love and belongingness

2. Fever that shows fluctuations but never returns to normal is called:

- A. Intermittent fever
B. Remittent fever
C. Relapsing fever
D. Continuous fever

3. Who is responsible for administering medications prescribed by the doctor?

- A. Physiotherapist
B. Nurse
C. Lab technician
D. Dietician

4. The main purpose of recording in healthcare is to:

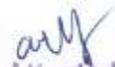
- A. Entertain staff
B. Communicate patient care information
C. Increase workload
D. Replace verbal communication

5. The principle of accurate recording means:

- A. Guessing the patient's condition
B. Using vague or unclear terms
C. Writing correct and exact information
D. Writing as little as possible

6. Which of the following should *not* be included in patient records?

- A. Facts
B. Opinions
C. Observations
D. Doctor's orders


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Q2. Essay Type Questions (Any 2)

(10X2=20)

- A. Define Hospital, Its Types and Functions of hospital and write down admission procedure of a hospital.
- B. Define Fever. Write down the types of Fever with priorities wise 3 nursing care plan.
- C. Define Health. Write down the concept of health and illness. Write a role of nurse in primary health care.

Q3. Short Answer Questions (Any 4)

(5X4=20)

- A. Maslow's hierarchy of needs
- B. Levels of Prevention
- C. Explain Health care team and its role
- D. What is Blood Pressure? Explain factors affecting blood pressure.
- E. Types of Recording and Reporting

Q4. Very Short Answers (Any 2)

(2X2=4)

- A. What are the advantages and disadvantages of taking temperature by axillary method.
- B. Purpose of Reports and Recording.
- C. Functions of nurse.

Approved
[Signature]
Principal
Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of
Nursing, Amravati-444802 (MH)

[Signature]
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Section-(A)

Question 1 .Multiple Choice Question

1x12=12

- 1) An Instrument Used For Auscultation is
 - a) Percussion
 - b) Audiometer
 - c) Stethoscope
 - d) Sphygonomanometer
- 2) It refers to the preparation
 - a) Bed Bath
 - b) Bed making
 - c) Bed shampoo
 - d) Bed lining
- 3) Which of the following is the appropriate route of administration
 - a) Intramuscular
 - b) Intra-dermal
 - c) Subcutaneous
 - d) Intravenous
- 4) CPR ratio in Adult.....
 - a) 30:2
 - b) 15:2
 - c) 14:2
 - d) 40:2
- 5) Which of the following is the appropriate meaning CBR
 - a) Cardiac board
 - b) Complete Bathroom
 - c) Complete board room
 - d) Complete bed rest
- 6) Which of the cluster of data belong to maslow hierarchy of need
 - a) Love and belonging
 - b) Physiological need
 - c) Self actualization
 - d) All of the above
- 7) This is characterized by severe symptoms relatively of short duration
 - a) Chronic illness
 - b) Acute illness
 - c) Pain
 - d) Syndrome
- 8) Insomnia means
 - a) Inability to walk
 - b) Unconsciousness
 - c) Inability to sleep
 - d) Inability to eat
- 9) Involuntary passing urine is known as
 - a) Enuresis
 - b) Elimination
 - c) Maturation
 - d) Defecation
- 10) Asthma is a chronic disorder that causes
 - a) Pneumonia
 - b) Skin rashes
 - c)Heart blockage
 - d)Inflammation
- 11) Maximum time o hand washing
 - a) 90 seconds
 - b) 20-30 second
 - c) 1 minutes
 - d) 2 minute
- 12) Which is not the aim of first-aid
 - a) Pain relief of the injured
 - b) Improvement of condition
 - c) Temporary treatment
 - d) Permanent relief

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SECTION-(B)

Question 2) Long Answer Questions

2x15=30

A

- a. Define hospital Admission
- b. Purpose of hospitals Admission
- c. Type of hospital Admission

B

- a. Define nursing process
- b. Enlist the nursing process
- c. Explain the any two step

Question 3) write the short answer question (any five out of six)

5x5=25

- 1) Qualities of nursing
- 2) Barriers of communication
- 3) Explain the process o discharge
- 4) Characteristics of nursing practice
- 5) Define Pulse , explain the characteristics of pulse in details.
- 6) Define Infection, explain how will Prevent infection.
- 7) Explain occurrence of nosocomial infection in your words.

Question 4) write the very short answer question (any Four out of five)

4x2=8

- 1) Purpose of personal hygiene
- 2) What is the insomnia?
- 3) Type of hospital waste
- 4) Type of hand washing
- 5) Define Nursing ?


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Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, Amravati

BSc. Nursing - 1st Year (II-Sem)

Mid Term Examination 2024

NURSING FOUNDATION

{Time: 10.00 AM -1.00 PM}

(TOTAL MARKS -50)

1. The candidate must write her/his seat number in English.
2. Please note that question paper set in English version is final.

Q.1 Multiple choice Question.

(1x6=6)

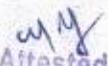
1. The ability to put yourself in someone else shoes and know , How that person feels.
 - a) Service
 - b) Empathy
 - c) Accommodation
 - d) Sympathy
2. Abscond Means?
 - a) Discharge of a patient from hospital
 - b) Patient left the hospital without doctor's knowledge.
 - c) Transfer of a patient to other unit of hospital
 - d) Refer the patient to other hospital for further management.
3. It may mean an Intention to Interact.
 - a) Eye contact
 - b) when we say "aha"
 - c) A handshake
 - d) silence
4. While measuring the blood pressure in upper arm, the chest picce of stethoscope is place over
 - a) Axillary artery
 - b) Brachial artery
 - c) Radial artery
 - d) Ulnar artery
5. Failure in the professional practice that leads to harm of patient is known as.
 - a) Negligence
 - b) Malpractice
 - c) Battery
 - d) Assault
6. Message Sent Without words is called as.
 - a) Written communication
 - b) Oral communication
 - c) Nonverbal Communication
 - d) Object communication

Q.2 Essay / Situation type question. (Any two out of three)

(10x2=20)

- a) Mrs. 'X' is complaining of dyspnia and altered sensorium she is alone and no relative are accompanying her Based on the History.
- i. Define nursing process. (2)
 - ii. Explain the steps of nursing process. (4)
 - iii. List priority wise nursing diagnosis. (4)

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b) Answer the following.

- i. Define discharge. (2)
- ii. Purpose of Discharge. (4)
- iii. Explain the types of discharge. (4)

c) Answer the following.

- i. Discharge planning (2)
- ii. Explain the process of communication (4)
- iii. Explain chain of infection. (4)

Q3. Short Answer Question (Any four out of five)

(4x5=20)

1. Universal Precaution.
2. Purpose of Record and report
3. Biomedical Waste Management
4. Explain the phases of Nurse patient relationship.
5. Ethical and legal issues in Nursing.

Q4. Very Short Answer Question. (Any two out of three)

(2x2=4)

1. Define Nursing.
2. Define Communication.
3. Define Critical thinking.

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10] The priority when providing oral care to an unconscious patient is to prevent

- a) Aspiration b) dental carise
c) mouth odor d) mouth ulceration

11] Which one of the following is not a waste treatment method for biomedical waste

- a) Incineration b) chemical disinfection
c) Autoclaving d) sieving

12] Which one of the following injuries can occur within a bone

- a) Fractures b) dislocation
c) sprains d) strains

Q 2) Long Answer Question (Any Two out of the Three)

(2x15=30)

A] 1. Types of record

2. Principles of records

3. Method and system of documentation

B] 1. Define medication and list down the different route and explain

2. Explain principle of medication administration

3. Explain Factors affecting Health

OR

C] 1. Define profession and characteristics of profession

2. Levels of disease prevention

3. Qualities of nursing

Q 3 Short Answer Question (Any five out of Six) (5x5=25)

1] Function of hospital and classification .

2] .Code of ethics.

3] Scope of nursing practices .

4.] Explain the health care team

5] What are the essential of good communication

6] Recovery unite

Q 4 Very Short Answer Question (Any four out of five)

(2x4=8)

1] Define infection

2] Sitz Bath

3] Scope of nursing practices .

4.] List any therapeutic position

5] Isolation


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PTO...

Dr. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI.

Sessional I Examination

First Semester B.Sc. Nursing

Subject:- Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology

Marks :- 50

Hours:- 2 Hrs

Date:- / /

SECTION - A (25 marks)

(Applied Psychology)

Q.1. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

[1 x 3 = 3 Marks]

1. Which among the following is the basic unit of nervous system

- a) Brain b) Neuron c) Spinal Cord d) Axon

2. Who is the father of psychology

- a) Wilhelm Wundt b) William James c) Ivan Pavlov d) Sigmund Freud

3. Formula of IQ

- a) $IQ = \frac{MA}{CA} * 100$ b) $IQ = \frac{CA}{MA} * 100$ c) $IQ = \frac{100}{MA} * CA$ d) $IQ = \frac{100}{CA} * MA$

Q.2. Very Short Answer Question – (Any 2)

[2 x 2= 4 Marks]

a) Define attention and types of attention.

b) Draw Blooms Taxonomy.

c) Types of memory.

Q.3. Short Answer Question (Any 2)

[2 x 5= 10Marks]

a) Define Learning and explain types of learning.

b) Stages of grief.

c) Explain the methods of memorization.

Q. 4. Long Answer Question (Any 1)

[1 x 8= 8 Marks]

a) Define Psychology.

(2 Marks)

b) Scope of psychology.

(3 Marks)

c) Explain branches of psychology and methods of psychology.

(3 Marks)

Or

a) Define perception.

(2 Marks)

b) Explain principles of perception and factors influencing perception .

(6 Marks)

SECTION - B (25 marks)

(Applied Sociology)

Q.1. Multiple choice question.

[3 X 1 = 3 Marks]

1) A French Philosopher Auguste Comte coined the word Sociology by the year.....

- a) 1839 c) 1868
b) 1838 d) 1878

2) Which of the following is NOT related to Associative Social Process.

- a) Accommodation c) Co-operation
b) Assimilation d) Competition

3)is the marriage of one woman with several men

- a) Polygyny c) Monogamy
b) Polyandry d) Group Marriage

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Q. 2. Very Short Answer Question – (Any 2)

[2 × 2= 4 Marks]

1. Enlist the Nature of Sociology
2. Individualization.
3. Transcultural societies.

Q. 3. Short Answer Question (Any 2)

[2 x 5= 10Marks]

1. Process of Socialization.
2. Explain Types of Family
3. Describe the Scope of Sociology.

Q. 4. Long Answer Question (Any 1)

[1 x 8= 8 Marks]

1. Explain the Evolution of Culture in detail.

OR

2. Define Marriage and explain Types of Marriage.

*****ALL THE BEST*****

Approved.
Dr. M. K. Deyam
Principal
Dr. Rajendra Goda Institute of
Nursing, Amravati-444602 (MH)

M. K. Deyam
Attested
Principal
DRGIOM, Amravati

Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, AMRAVATI
FIRST YEAR BASIC B.SC NURSING
FIRST SEMESTER 2024-25
SUBJECT- APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY AND APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY
CLASS TEST- II

TIME -3 HOURS

MARKS-75

Instructions:

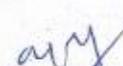
1. Use **only black ball point pen** only.
2. **Do not write anything on the blank portion of question paper.** If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt of resort unfair means.
3. Number to the **right** indicate **full marks**
4. **All questions** are compulsory.
5. **Draw Diagram** whenever it necessary.
6. Use **common answer book** for all section.

SECTION - A

1. **MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION**

(13X1=13)

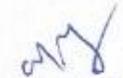
1. The cerebrum controls.....
A) cognitive function
B) motor function
C) Coordination
D) all of the above
1. Stimulus operating on our nervous system is termed as:
A) Sensation
B) observation
C) attention
D) perception
2. Which of the following is a predisposing factors for mental illness.....
A) genetic makeup
B) psychological stress
C) brain damage
D) all of the above
4. basics for a Childs good m mental health include.....
A) Unconditional love
B) immunization
C) minor illness
D) weaning
5. neonatal period refers to.....
A) first 4 weeks after birth
C) first 1 week after birth
B) first 12 months after birth
D) first 2 weeks after birth
6. development refers to
A) qualitative change
B) quantitative change
C) both A& B
D) changes in height and weight
7. Another term for superego is
A) Self
B) narcissism
C) ideal self
D) conscience
8. Poverty is a.....
A) Social problem
B) political problem
B) economic problem
D)religious problem


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9. Accommodation is essentially a process of.....
 A) Adjustment
 C) cooperation
 B) group formation
 D) competition
10. Society is.....
 A) Natural
 C) practical
 B) deliberate
 D) functional
11. A group is an.....
 A) Organic whole
 C) artificial creation
 B) organized gathering
 D) natural growth
12. Who was first to deal with the concept of social control.....?
 A) E.A. Ross
 C) ED Husserl
 B) P.M. Blau
 D) H. Garfinkel
13. society emerges out of
 A) community existence
 C) man's existence
 B) relationship
 D) problem existence

SECTION-B

- 2. LONG ANSWER QUESTION (any one) (1X10=10)**
 1. Explain The Nature And Types Of Social Stratification
 Define Caste And Differentiate It Form Class As A Form Of Social Stratification
 2. Define Social Control , Explain The Various Of Agencies And Distinguish Between Social Control
 And Deviance
- 3. SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (any three) (3X5=15)**
 1. Define Social Stratification And Its Characteristics
 2. Describe The Rights Of Women In India
 3. Define Clinical Sociology And Discuss The Scope Of Clinical Sociology.
 4. Discuss The Roll Of Nurse As A Change Agent In Social Change .
- 4. VERY SHORT ANSEWERS QUESTION (any three) (3X2=6)**
 1. List The Classification Of Social Group
 2. What Is Urbanization.
 3. Define Social Change
 4. Enlist The Element Of Social Organization
- 5. LONG ANSWER QUESTION (any one) (1X10=10)**
 1. Define Attention And Explain Type , Determinants Of Attention.
 2. What Is Motive ? Classify Different Motives
 Describe In Details The Psychological Motives.
- 6. SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (any three) (3X5=15)**
 1. Principles Of Perception
 2. List Down All The Pure Psychology Branches And Explain It.
 3. Maslow Hierarchy Of Needs
 4. Warning Signs Of Poor Mental Health
- 7. VERY SHORT ANSEWERS QUESTION (any three) (2X3=6)**
 1. Characteristics Of Mentally Healthy Person.
 2. Define Mental Health
 3. Types Of Distraction
 4. Mental Hygiene


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DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING AMRAVATI

BSC NURSING FIRST SEMESTER 2025-26

SESSIONAL EXAM-I

APPLIED ANATOMY & APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

TIME: 2 HRS.

MARKS: 50

Q1. Multiple Choice Questions

(6X1=6)

1. The volume of air inhaled or exhaled during normal quiet breathing is? ;

- A. Residual volume
B. Tidal volume
C. Inspiratory reserve volume
D. Expiratory reserve volume

2. Secretin is released from the:

- A. Stomach
B. Duodenum
C. Liver
D. Gall bladder

3. Right coronary artery supplies all, EXCEPT;

- A. Anterior 2/3 of ventricular septum
B. SA Node
C. AV Node
D. Left bundle branch (LBB)

4. Smooth muscles are mainly found in the:

- A. Heart
B. Walls of hollow organs
C. Skeletal system
D. Skin

5. The number of pairs of true Ribs is;

- A. 7
B. 10
C. 12
D. 5

6. The outer part of Kidney is called ?

- A. Cortex
B. Medulla
C. Pelvis
D. Hilum


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Q2. Essay Type Questions (Any 2)

(10X2=20)

A. Define Larynx ,
gross anatomy , ii) blood & nerve supply iii) applied anatomy ?

i)

B. Describe Esophagus ,
Extent and length, ii) Relations , iii) Constrictions , iv) Microscopic structure And v) Applied
anatomy ?

i)

OR

C. Describe Heart,
Structure of Heart with neat label , ii) Functions of Heart & iv) Blood supply of Heart ?

i)

Q3. Short Answer Questions (Any 4)

(5X4=20)

A. Anatomical planes ?

B. Secretion and function of small & large intestine ?

C. Types of connective tissue ?

D. Muscles of respiration ?

E. Fuction of saliva ?

Q4. Very Short Answers (Any 2)

(2X2=4)

A. Define median cubital vein.

B. Describe total lung capacity .

C. Define Cyanosis.

|| ALL THE BEST ||

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Dr. Rajendra Gada Institute of
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[Signature]

DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI

Basic B.Sc. Nursing- 1st Year

CLASS TEST-II

Subject: Anatomy & Physiology

Hours:-03 Hrs

Section:A+B+C

Marks:-13+31+31=75

SECTION-(A)

1. How many bones does an adult human skeleton have?
 - a) 205
 - b) 207
 - c) 209
 - d) 206

2. Which of the following part of human skeleton forms the helmet for the protection of human brain?
 - a) Cranium
 - b) Temporal bone
 - c) Hyoid
 - d) Mandible

3. How many bones does human ankle has?
 - a) 7
 - b) 6
 - c) 9
 - d) 8

4. Which of the following type of cartilage is present at the joints of long bones in humans?
 - a) Fibrous
 - b) Hyaline
 - c) Elastic
 - d) Calcified

5. Which of the following part of the human brain has a center for controlling breathing?
 - a) Medulla oblongata
 - b) Diencephalon
 - c) Cerebrum
 - d) Cerebellu

6. Which of the following is a balancing organ in humans?
 - a) Eardrum
 - b) Vestibular region
 - c) Cochlea
 - d) Organ of corti

7. Which of the following instrument is used to listen to the internal sounds of the human body?
 - a) Sphygmomanometer


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- b) Suction device
 - c) Stethoscope
 - d) Reflex hammer
8. Which of the following control breathing rate in humans?
- a) Cerebellum
 - b) Hypothalamus
 - c) Thalamus
 - d) Medulla oblongata
9. Which of the following is the inner most layer of human eye?
- a) Retina
 - b) Choroid
 - c) Sclera
 - d) Corne
10. Division of human egg is _____
- a) Holoblastic and equal
 - b) Holoblastic and unequal
 - c) Isoblastic
 - d) Meroblastic
11. Which of the following is the largest gland in human body?
- a) Thymus
 - b) Kidneys
 - c) Liver
 - d) Pancreases
12. . How many pairs of the spinal nerve are found in human?
- a) 33
 - b) 31
 - c) 13
 - d) 12
13. Which of the following structures keep blood flowing unidirectionally in humans?
- a) Bronchiole
 - b) Neuron
 - c) Septum
 - d) Valves


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Sessional Examination – I

B.Sc. Nursing Second Year (Semester –III)

ADULT HEALTH NURSING-I

{Time: 11.00 AM -1.00 PM}

(TOTALMA-50)

Q.1.A) Multiple Choice questions

(6X1=6)

- 1) What is the normal sodium value
 - a) 135 -145 mEq/L
 - b) 145-155 mEq/L
 - c) 125-135 mEq/L
 - d) 115-125 mEq/L
- 2) Hyper kalemia is increasing level of.....
 - a) Sodium
 - b) Calcium
 - c) Potassium
 - d) Nitrate
- 3) Painful swallowing is termed as:
 - a) Dysphagia
 - b) Odynophagia
 - c) Dyspepsia
 - d) Ataxia
- 4) The nurse is caring for elderly female patient who has osteoporosis. When teaching her, the nurse should include information about which major complication?
 - a) Bone Fracture
 - b) Loss of estrogen
 - c) Negative calcium balance
 - d) Dowager's hum
- 5) Which following Tuberculosis drug causes change in urine colour.
 - a) Isoniazid
 - b) Rifampicin
 - c) Pyrazinamide
 - d) Ethambutol
- 6) Which type of diet should be provided to the patient with colostomy for the first 4 to 6 weeks following the surgery ?
 - a) High- protein
 - b) High – carbohydrat
 - c) Low -calorie
 - d) Low-residue.


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P.T.O.

Q. 2) Essay type /situational type questions (any two out of three)

(2X10)=20

- A) a) Define shock, enlist the types of shock,
b) describe the management of hypovolemic shock,
c) draw a flowchart depicting the pathophysiology of hypovolemic shock.
d) list down the nursing diagnosis for a patient who had massive blood loss in road traffic accident.
- B) a) Define peptic ulcer, describe the etiological and predisposing factor of peptic ulcer.
b) enlist the nursing diagnosis, explain the nursing care based on two priority nursing diagnoses
d) differentiate between peptic ulcer and duodenal ulcer.

OR

- C) a) Define Osteoporosis & Osteomalacia.
b) Explain pathophysiology for osteoporosis.
c) Enlist the nursing diagnosis and explain two nursing care plan on priority base.

Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

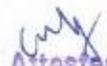
(4X5)=20

- a) Define Adult Health Nursing and describe the international classification of disease.
b) Write a note on musculoskeletal trauma.
c) DOTS Therapy?
d) Define fracture, classify its types in detailed ?
e) Explain Non pharmacological management of pain.

Q. 4) Very Short Answer Type Questions (Any two out of three)

(2X2)= 4

- a) Complications of GI. Bleed
b) Define Shock?
c) Define communicable & non communicable diseases and enlist it ?


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Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, Amravati
Sessional Examination – II

B.Sc. Nursing Second Year (Semester - III)

ADULT HEALTH NURSING – I

{Time : 10:30 AM – 01:30 PM}

(TOTAL MARKS - 75)

Instructions

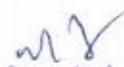
- 1) All Questions are Compulsory
- 2) The number to right indicates full marks
- 3) Draw diagram wherever necessary

Que.1) Multiple Choice Questions

(12x1=12 marks)

1. Stomatitis is.....
 - a) Inflammation of oral mucosal membrane.
 - b) Inflammation of stomach
 - c) Inflammation of upper part of stomach.
 - d) Inflammation of tongue.
2. The most common cause of peptic ulcer.
 - a) Stress
 - b) Smoking
 - c) Alcohol
 - d) H. pylori infection
3. Hepatic Portal System originate from
 - a) Different parts of alimentary canal
 - b) Liver
 - c) Diaphragm
 - d) Kidney
4. Bluish discoloration of skin and mucosa is known as
 - a) Pallor
 - b) Erythema
 - c) Cyanosis
 - d) Jaundice
5. ECG 'P wave' Represents
 - a) Ventricular depolarization
 - b) Ventricular repolarization
 - c) Atrial repolarization
 - d) Atrial depolarization
6. For blood clotting fibrinogen is changed into fibrin with the help of
 - a) Thrombin
 - b) Vitamin K
 - c) Platelets
 - d) Antithrombin
7. Incision into gallbladder to remove the stone is
 - a) Cholecystectomy
 - b) Cholangiectomy
 - c) Choledocholithotomy
 - d) Cholecystostomy
8. Which of these is an autoimmune disorder
 - a) Arthritis
 - b) Gout
 - c) Osteoporosis
 - d) Myasthenia gravis
9. Anemia caused by deficiency of vi + b12 is:
 - a) Plastic anemia
 - b) Leukemia
 - c) Pernicious anemia
 - d) Sickle cell anemia
- 10 AIDS, common cold, dengue fever and influenza are examples of
 - a) Deficiency Disease
 - b) Physiological Disease
 - c) Infectious Diseases
 - d) Non-infectious Disease

P.T.O.


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11. Osteoporosis is

- a) Infection of bone
- b) Fracture of skull
- c) Weak and brittle bones
- d) Normal Bone Strength

12. Orthopnea is

- a) Breathing difficulty in supine
- b) Breathing difficulty while walking
- c) Sudden night time breathlessness
- d) Breathing difficulty during exercise

Que 2. Essay types / situation types questions (Any Two out of three)

(2x15=30)

- A)**
 - a) Define myocardial infarction.
 - b) Explain the pathophysiology with clinical Manifestation of myocardial infarction.
 - c) Write in detail the medical and nursing management of myocardial infarction.
- B)**
 - a) Define Asthma
 - b) Describe triggering factors and pathophysiology of asthma.
 - c) Write a medical management of asthma
 - d) Enlist a nursing diagnosis and explain the any two priority base nursing diagnosis.
- C)**
 - a) Define COPD
 - b) Explain the pathophysiology.
 - c) Write in detail surgical management, nursing management, and medical management of COPD.

Que 3. Short answer type questions (any five)

(5x5=25)

1. Angina pectoris
2. Describe the complication of hypertension
3. Explain the types of anesthesia
4. Write a short notes dot's therapy
5. Describe a liver cirrhosis
6. Stages of wound healing.

Que 4. Very Short Answer questions(any four)

(2x4=8)

1. Medical & Surgical Asepsis.
2. Define pulmonary embolism.
3. modifiable and non modifiable triggering factors of Hypertension
4. Draw the algorithm of C.P.R.
5. PQRST in pain assessment.

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Nursing, Amravati-444602 (M.S.)

Indira Bahuuddeshiya Shikshan Sanstha Buldana's
Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, Amravati
B.Sc. Nursing IV Semester
Sessional Exam – I (2025)
Pharmacology , Pathology and Genetics

Total :- 50 Marks

Q.1. Multiple choice questions

(1x 10 = 10 marks)

- 1) Which of the following is not indication for chlorohexadine mouthwash ?
a) Conjunctivitis
b) Periodontitis
c) Gingivitis
d) Sore throat
- 2) Which of the following is the correct technique in the ear drop instillation in an adult ?
a) Down and back
b) Up and back
c) Down forward
d) Up forward
- 3) Potassium sparing diuretics includes ?
a) Spironolactone
b) Triamterene
c) Amiloride
d) Bumetanide
- 4) Acitazolamide should not be given in sulphamide hypersensitivity
a) Sulphamide hypersensitivity
b) COPD
c) STD
d) Asthma
- 5) Paracetamol is belongs to
a) Antipyretic
b) Antiemetic
c) Antifungal
d) Antibiotic
- 6) Which of the following drug is not an example of benzodiazepine
a) Alprazolam
b) Chlordiazepoxide
c) Chlorazepate
d) Phenytoin
- 7) What is normal value of serum PSA ?
a) $<4\text{ng/ml}$
b) $<4\text{ng/ml}$
c) $>3.5\text{ ng/ml}$
d) $>4\text{ng/ml}$
- 8) Vascular mole is also called
a) Complete mole
b) Partial Mole
c) Hydatidiform Mole
d) Choriocarcinoma Mole
- 9) Benign serious tumor of ovary are called
a) Cystadenoma
b) Tumor Mucinous
c) Follicle Cyst
d) Dysgrminora
- 10) The disease in which there is sudden death of neurons due to ischemia
a) Meningitis
b) Encephallitis
c) CV Stroke
d) Astrocygoma

Q.2. Long answer question

(10 x 1 = 10 marks)

1. Classify drug used for diuretics and mechanism of action with nurses roles and responsibilities in administration of diuretics and antidiuretics

Q.3. Short answer question (Any Four)

(5 x 4 = 20 marks)

1. Write advantage and disadvantage of oral route of drug administration.
2. Opioid Analgesics.
3. Causes of ca Breast.
4. Meningitis.
5. Dopamine.

Q.4. Very short answer question (Any Five)

(2 x 5 = 10 marks)

1. Define BPH.
2. Causes of Encephallitis
3. What is Antihistamine
4. Changes in ca cervix
5. Define general anaesthesia
6. What is renal calculi
7. Causative factors for ovarian cyst .

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Dr Rajendra Gode Institute Of Nursing Amravati
B.SC. Nursing IV semester
Class Test-II

PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

TIME-3 HOURS

MARKS-75

SECTION-A
(PHARMACOLOGY)

Q.1. Multiple choice questions

- 1) Indication of boric spirit drop
 - a) keratitis
 - b) conjunctivitis
 - c) Chronic suppurative otitis media
 - d) Rhinitis
- 2) Aldosterone work on
 - a) Proximal tubules
 - b) Distal tubule
 - c) loop of henle
 - d) Collecting duct
- 3) Which of the following local anesthetic agent has shorter duration of action
 - a) Lidocain
 - b) Procaine
 - c) Bupivacaine
 - d) Ropivacaine
- 4) Potassium sparing diuretics include
 - a) Spironolactone
 - b) Trimeterene
 - c) Amiloride
 - d) Bumetanide
- 5) Acetazolamide should not be given in
 - a) Sulfanamide hypersensitivity
 - b) Glucoma
 - c) High altitude sickness
 - d) Copd
- 6) Drug chloramphenicol belong to which of the following?
 - a) Antibiotic
 - b) Antiviral
 - c) Antifungal
 - d) Antihistamine
- 7) Gingival hyperplasia is an adverse effect of which drug?
 - a) Phenytoin sodium
 - b) Valproic acid
 - c) Barbiturate
 - d) carbamazepine
- 8) Indication of atropine in emergency
 - a) Ventricular fibrillation
 - b) Bronchospasm
 - c) Pulse less VT
 - d) Severe bradycardia
- 9) pyelonephritis is
 - a) inflammation of ureters
 - b) infection of urinary tract
 - c) inflammation of kidney
 - d) inflammation of urethra
- 10) increased accumulation of csf in brain is called
 - a) meningitis
 - b) hydrocephalus
 - c) brain abscess
 - d) meningioma
- 11) Consanguinity means relationship between two people who share common
 - a) Ancestor
 - b) Region
 - c) State
 - d) None of these
- 12) who introduce the term genetics
 - a) Aristotle
 - b) Freud
 - c) Bateson
 - d) Robert Koch

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Q.2) Long answer questions (any 1 out of 2)

(1x10=10)

- 1) Explain about opioid analgesics and pharmacological action of morphine with nurse role & responsibilities?
- 2) Define antipsychotics drug, classification of antipsychotic drug and extrapyramidal side effect with its nursing intervention?

Q.3) Short answer questions (any 3 out of 4)

(3x5=15)

- 1) Define antihistamine, briefly describe gentamycin.
- 2) Classification of antidiuretics, explain thiazide diuretics.
- 3) Stages of general anesthesia.
- 4) Advantage and disadvantage of parental routes.

Q.4) Very short answer questions. (any 3 out of 4)

(2X3=6)

- 1) Classification of anesthesia
- 2) Mood stabilizers.
- 3) Contraindication of lithium.
- 4) Indication of tricyclic antidepressants.

SECTION-B (PATHOLOGY)

Q.1) Short answer question

(any 3 out of 4)

(3x5=15)

- 1) Testicular atrophy.
- 2) CA of endometrium.
- 3) Stroke.
- 4) Glomerulo nephritis.

Q.2) Very short answers question.

(any 4 out of 5)

(4x2=8)

- 1) Vesicular mole.
- 2) Sex cord stromal tumors.
- 3) Define the fibrocystic changes.
- 4) Define hemorrhagic stroke.
- 5) Difference between primary and secondary glomerulo nephritis.

GENETICS

Q.1) Short answer questions.

(any 1 out of 2)

(1x5=5)

- 1) Genetic nursing practice milestone and role of nurse in genetics.
- 2) parental nutrition and food allergies.

Q.2) Very short answer questions.

(any 2 out of 3)

(2x2=4)

- 1) Define maternal age.
- 2) What is the rubella in genetics.
- 3) Down syndrome.

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DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI

SESSIONAL EXAMINATION – I

B.SC. NURSING SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER –III)

PHARMACOLOGY PATHOLOGY AND GENETICS

{Time: 11.00 AM -1.00 PM}

(TOTAL-50 mark)

Q.1. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

{1x08=08 mark}

1. Which of the following routes of drug administration has the fastest onset of action?

- A. Oral
B. Intramuscular
C. Intravenous
D. Subcutaneous

2. The term 'first-pass metabolism' refers to:

- A. Drug metabolism in the kidneys
B. Drug absorption in the stomach
C. Hepatic metabolism before systemic circulation
D. Drug excretion via bile

3. A common side effect of aminoglycoside antibiotics is:

- A. Hepatotoxicity
B. Nephrotoxicity
C. Hypotension
D. Diarrhea

4. Which of the following drugs is used as an antidote for organophosphate poisoning?

- A. Naloxone
B. Atropine
C. Flumazenil
D. Acetylcysteine

5. Which of the following drugs is a non-selective beta-blocker?

- A. Atenolol
B. Propranolol
C. Metoprolol
D. Nebivolol

6. Which of the following processes is *not* part of pharmacokinetics?

- A. Absorption
B. Distribution
C. Metabolism
D. Receptor binding

7. Which organ is primarily responsible for the metabolism of drugs?

- A. Kidney
B. Stomach
C. Liver
D. Lungs


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8. Which of the following best describes 'pathology'?

- A. Study of symptoms and signs
B. Study of drug action
C. Study of disease process and structural changes
D. Study of treatment

Q.2 LONG ANSWER QUESTION

{1X10=10 MARK}

1. Q.1 Describe in detail the routes of drug administration. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of each route.

OR

2. Q.2 Define inflammation. Describe the cardinal signs, types, and stages of acute inflammation.

Q. 3 SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (Any Four)

{5x4=20 mark}

1. Write a short note on antitussives with classification and examples.
2. List and explain any four factors that modify drug action in the body.
3. Write the therapeutic uses and adverse effects of cholinergic drugs.
4. Classify antihistamines. Give uses and side effects.
5. Define necrosis. Describe any two types with examples.

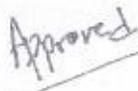
Q.4 VERY SHORT ANSWER Question (Any 06)

{2x06=12 mark}

1. What is necrosis?
2. Name two causes of cell injury.
3. Define etiology in pathology.
4. Define bioavailability.
5. Name one common route of drug administration.
6. What is an antagonist drug?
7. What does "pharmacodynamics" study?
8. What is meant by drug tolerance?

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11. Which type of hepatitis is commonly transmitted through contaminated water?

- a) Hepatitis A
- b) Hepatitis B
- c) Hepatitis C
- d) Hepatitis D

12. ORS is mainly used to treat:

- a) Hypertension
- b) Diarrhoea with dehydration
- c) Vomiting
- d) Pneumonia

13. Which type of pneumonia is most commonly caused by Streptococcus pneumoniae?

- a) Lobar pneumonia
- b) Bronchopneumonia
- c) Interstitial pneumonia
- d) Aspiration pneumonia

14. Which of the following is a common cause of edema?

- a) Increased capillary hydrostatic pressure
- b) Decreased capillary permeability
- c) Hyperalbuminemia
- d) Lymphatic drainage improvement

Q.2 LONG ANSWER QUESTION (ANY1)

10X1= 10

1. Explain the pharmacology of antiseptics and disinfectants. Discuss types, mechanism of action, uses, advantages, and nursing responsibilities.

OR

2. Explain the pathological changes, etiology, and clinical features of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) in the respiratory system.

Q.3 SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (ANY 7)

7X5=35

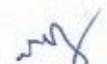
1. Define atherosclerosis and describe its pathogenesis.
2. Explain the pathological changes seen in peptic ulcer disease.
3. Describe the morphological changes in acute pancreatitis.
4. Define pharmacokinetics and describe its four phases.
5. Write uses and side effects of chlorine-based disinfectants.
6. Classify bronchodilators and write their nursing responsibilities.
7. Describe the types and uses of topical dermatological preparations.
8. Explain adverse effects and nursing responsibilities in corticosteroid therapy.

Q.4 VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (ANY 8)

2X8=16

1. Give two examples of antiseptics.
2. Name two antiemetic drugs.
3. List two antihypertensive drugs.
4. Name two antifungal topical agents.
5. Name two types of cardiomyopathy.
6. What is hepatomegaly?
7. Give one example of inflammatory bowel disease.
8. What is the main pathological feature of hyperthyroidism?
9. What is gastritis?
10. Define bioavailability.

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DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI
SESSIONAL EXAMINATION –II
B.S.C. NURSING SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER –III)
MICROBIOLOGY

TIME – 3HR

TOTAL – 75 MARK

Q.1. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

(12X1=12)

1. The most effective method of preventing infection is:

- a) PPE
- b) Hand hygiene
- c) Antibiotics
- d) Vaccines

2. Needle-stick injury is an example of:

- a) Patient safety indicator
- b) Employee safety indicator
- c) Environmental indicator
- d) Surgical safety indicator

3. Yellow bag in BMW management is used for:

- a) Plastic waste
- b) Sharps
- c) Human anatomical waste
- d) Glassware

4. Microbiology is the study of:

- a) Plants
- b) Microorganisms
- c) Animals
- d) Chemicals

5. Who is known as the "Father of Microbiology"?

- a) Robert Koch
- b) Louis Pasteur
- c) Fleming
- d) Lister

6. Bacteria are:

- a) Eukaryotes
- b) Prokaryotes
- c) Multicellular organisms
- d) Acellular

7. Bacteria reproduce mainly by:

- a) Binary fission
- b) Budding
- c) Fragmentation
- d) Conjugation

8. HIV is a:

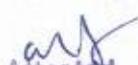
- a) Bacterium
- b) Virus
- c) Fungus
- d) Protozoa

9. Immunity present at birth is:

- a) Passive
- b) Acquired
- c) Innate
- d) Active

10. HAI stands for:

- a) Hospital Acquired Infection
- b) Health Associated Injury
- c) Health Aid Infection
- d) Hospital Aseptic Intervention


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11. An organism that causes disease is called:

- a) Host
- b) Antigen
- c) Pathogen
- d) Antibody

12. A toxin that destroys red blood cells is:

- a) Neurotoxin
- b) Exotoxin
- c) Hemolysin
- d) Endotoxin

Q.2 LONG ANSWER QUESTION

(10X1=10)

1. Define immunity. Explain in detail the types of innate and acquired immunity with examples.

OR

2. Explain Hospital Acquired Infection (HAI) in detail. Discuss its sources, types, risk factors, and prevention measures.

Q. 3 SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (ANY SEVEN)

(05X07=35)

1. Define microbiology and its importance in nursing.
2. Explain the general characteristics of bacteria.
3. Describe types of pathogenic organisms with examples.
4. Write a note on antigens and antibodies.
5. Explain standard precautions.
6. Write short notes on specimen collection principles.
7. List and explain International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG)
8. Explain antigens and antibodies.
9. Differentiate between innate and acquired immunity.

Q.4 VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (ANY NINE)

(09X02=18)

1. Define pathogen.
2. Name any two fungi.
3. What is virulence?
4. Define immunity.
5. Expand HAI.
6. What is PPE?
7. Name any two airborne diseases.
8. Give two examples of protozoa.
9. What is virulence?
10. Define antigen.
11. Define antibody.

*****ALL THE BEST *****


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Principal
DRGION, Amravati**


**Principal
Dr. Rajendra Gede Institute of
Nursing, Amravati-444602 (MH)**

Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, Amravati

Sessional Examination – I

B.Sc. Nursing Second Year (Semester –IV)

ADULT HEALTH NURSING-II

{Time: 11.00 AM -1.00 PM}

(TOTALMARKS -50)

Q. A) Multiple Choice questions

(8X1=8)

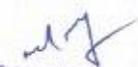
- 1) A Burn characterized by intense pain, rending and blisters is called a.....
 - a) Superfacial burn
 - b) Superfacial burn
 - c) Partial thickness burn
 - d) Critical Burn
- 2) An audiogram represent in the form of.....
 - a) Frequency and intensity respectively
 - b) Numaric form
 - c) Graphical form
 - d) None of the above
- 3) Study of ear, nose and throat disease is known as :
 - a) Cosmetology
 - b) Otolaryngology
 - c) Entomology
 - d) Rheumatology
- 4) This graft includes the epidermis and a part of the dermis. This graft is called:
 - a) Full thickness graft
 - b) Dermal graft
 - c) Epidermal graft
 - d) Split thickness graft
- 5) Which tests are used in hearing screening in infant:
 - a) Pure tone audiometry
 - b) Reflexometry
 - c) Otoacoustic emmission and auditory brainstem response
 - d) None of the above
- 6) In disaster triage, the color code for severely injured is:
 - a) Red
 - b) Yellow
 - c) Green
 - d) Black
- 7) The elements of disaster cycle involves:
 - a) Prevention
 - b) Mitigation
 - b) c) Response
 - d) All of the above
- 8) A patient with sunburn is documented as:
 - a) First Degree
 - b) Second Degree
 - c) Third Degree
 - d) Fourth Degree

Q. 2) Essay type /situational type questions (any one out of two)

(1X10)=10

A) Answer the following.

- i) Define Disaster.
- ii) Write down the types of disaster.


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iii) Discuss the role of nurse in Disaster management.

B) Answer the following.

i) Define Burn Injury

c) Explain in detailed classification of burn.

d) Discuss the nursing management and fluid replacement after burn injury by using Parkland formula.

Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

(4X5)= 20

a. Otitis Media.

b. Write down the role of Nurse after Cataract Surgery.

c. Write down the Nursing management of critically ill patient.

d. Explain the different types of Hearing aids.

e. Define critical care

Q. 4) Very Short answer type questions (Any six out of seven)

(6X2)= 12

a. Define Palliative Care.

b. What is elderly abuse and enlist types.

c. Principal of Palliative Care.

d. Define cataract.

e. Clinical sign of Nephrotic syndrome.

f. Estimating the total burn surface area by Rule of Nine.

g. Staffing Pattern and organization in Critical care Unit.

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Sessional- II Examination

Subject: Professionalism, Professional values & Ethics

Class: IV Semester

Time: 2 hours

Total Marks: 50 Marks

Instructions:

- 1) All Questions are Compulsory
 - 2) Draw diagram wherever necessary
-

Q 1. Multiple choice question

(1X 8= 8)

- 1) The Indian Nursing Council was established in:
A. 1949 B. 1948 C. 1947 D. 1946
- 2) A valuer shall refrain from being involved in any action that would bring disrepute to the:
A. Business & profession B. business C. Valuation D Profession
- 3) What is the earliest source of social contact of child?
A. Family B. Friends C. Belongings D. None of above
- 4) which of the following is not a characteristic of Profession?
A. Morality B. Competition C. Complacency D. Kindness
- 5) what is a key aspect of ethical behaviour in nursing
A. competitive attitude B. Adherence to moral & ethical principles C. Personal gain D. Minimal communication with patients
- 6) which of the following is an ethical principle that guide nursing practice?
A. Utilitarianism B. good quality C. care t D. Autonomy
- 7) The rules of ethics are also called as a:
A. Rules B. Ethical principal C. Accountability D. None of above
- 8) Friends are usually the social contact for a child:
A. First B. Second C. Third D. Last

Q.2 Essay type question (any one out of two)

(1 X 10= 10)

- a. Give definition of caring and explain caring process in details
- b. Explain ethical principle in details

Q3. Short answer question (any four out of five)

(4 X 5=20)

- a. Write short note on privacy
- b. Note on confidentiality
- c. Short note on personal and professional values
- d. Write short note on code of conduct
- e. Difference between sympathy and empathy

Q.4 Very short answer question (any six out of seven)

(6 X 2=12)

- a. Define human dignity
- b. Define ethics
- c. Definition of Privacy
- d. Define Deception
- e. Importance of professional socialization
- f. how intrinsic value are differ from extrinsic value?
- g. Define values



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10) A sudden, painless loss of vision in one eye could be indicative of

- a) Retinal detachment
- b) Conjunctivitis
- c) Cataract
- d) Blepharitis

11) Inability to control micturition is

- a) Oligouria
- b) Enuresis
- c) Incontinence
- d) Both b & c

12) Which of the following organism is most often implicated for causing Guillain - Barr syndrome

- a) Helicobacter pylori
- b) Campylobacter jejuni
- c) Pneumocystis carinii
- d) None of the above

Q. 2) Essay type /situational type questions (any two out of three)

(2X15)=30

A) Mrs. Anita admitted in Ophthalmic unit with diagnosis Glaucoma. Answer the following.

- i) Define Glaucoma. (2)
- ii) Explain the different types of Glaucoma in detail. (2)
- iii) Discuss the surgical management and explain two priority wise Nursing care plan for patient Glaucoma. (8)

B) Answer the following.

- i) Define acute & chronic renal failure. (3)
- ii) Explain the etopathophysiology of CKD. (4)
- iii) Discuss the medical management and prepared nursing care plan for patient with CKD. (8)

C) An unconscious client with Cerebro vascular Accident is admitted in ICU.

- i) Define Cerebro vascular Accident & its clinical manifestation (3)
- ii) Explain types of CVA (5)
- iii) Write post operative nursing care plan for patient with increased ICP and surgical management of this patient. (7)

Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any five out of six)

(5X5)= 25

- a. Write a short note on post tonsillectomy management .
- b. Infection control protocol in CCU.
- c. Write a note on retinal detachment.
- d. Short note on treatment modalities in cancer.
- e. Explain the TNM staging of Carcinoma
- f. Describe classification of burn according depth of injury.

Q. 4) Very Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

(4X2)= 8

- a. Warning sign of cancer..
- b. Write Principal of Critical Care Nursing.
- c. What is GB (Guillain Barre) syndrome.
- d. Brief Note on Hospice care.
- e. Clinical manifestation of spinal chord injury.

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11.6.14

DR. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI

Basic B.Sc. Nursing- 3rd Year (V Semester)

CLASS TEST-I

Subject: Microbiology and Infection control and Safety

Hours:-02Hrs

Marks:-50

Instructions :-

- 1) Use black Ball Point Pen Only.
- 2) Do not write anything on the blank portion up the Question paper.
- 3) Does not editing the Question Paper & Changes in their type of act will be considered as an attempt to resorts to unfair.
- 4) All Questions are Compulsory.
- 5) The Number to the right indicates full Marks.
- 6) Draw diagram wherever necessary.

Question 1 .Multiple Choice Question

7 X 1= 7

1. Which of the following Organisms does not meet all the criteria of Koch's Postulates ?
 - a. Streptococcus pneumoniae
 - b. Leptospira interrogans
 - c. Mycobacterium leprae
 - d. Treponema pallidum
2. Bacillus of Tuberculosis was discovered by.....
 - a. Hansens
 - b. Robert Koch
 - c. Bruce
 - d. Loeffler
3. Techniques of sterilization were introduced by
 - a. Louis Pasteur
 - b. Ferdinand Cohn
 - c. Robert Koch
 - d. John Needham
4. Which of the following Bacteria is cell wall deficient ?
 - a. Mycoplasma
 - b. Staphylococcus
 - c. Klebsiella
 - d. Treponema
5. Which of the following are Eukaryotes ?
 - a. Fungi
 - b. Chlamydia
 - c. Bacteria
 - d. Myoplasm
6. When determining Distance & size and the smallest unit of measure is
 - a. Centimeter
 - b. Micrometer
 - c. Millimeter
 - d. Nanometer
7. What is the main Purpose of hand hygiene & Hand washing ?
 - a. To prevent spread of infection
 - b. To keep skin healthy
 - c. To Reduce Microorganism
 - d. All of the above

Question no.2 . Long Answer Question (any One)

10X1=10

- A) i) Define Biomedical Waste? (2)
ii) what is the colour code of infection waste . (5)
iii) Explain the role of nurse in BMW. (3)

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- B) i) Define Vaccine . (2)
ii) Describe the types of Vaccine. . (5)
iii Explain the Nursing Responsibility during Vaccine Administration. (3)

Questions no.3 Short Answer questions. (any 5)

5X5=25

1. Describe the Various components of cold Chain.
2. Explain Principles of Microbiology.
3. Structure & Classification Of Microbes .
4. Discuss the importance of Microbiology to Nursing .
5. Koch Postulate.
6. Differentiate between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.

Questions no. 4 Very Short Answer questions. (Any 4)

4 X2=8

1. Shape of Bacteria.
2. Define Sterilization
3. Define Immunity & its types.
4. Explain steps of hygiene
5. Bacterial cell

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Q. A) Multiple Choice questions

(6X1)= 06

1) Measle vaccine is given at the age of:

- a) 10
b) 12-24 months
c) 9
d) 14 weeks

2) A low birth weight baby has weight less than:

- a) 1 kg
b) 1.5 kg
c) 2.5 kg
d) 2 kg

3) The normal head circumference at birth is:

- a) 33 cm
b) 36 cm
c) 39 cm
d) 31 cm

4) The child started recognizing name of body part at the age of:

- a) 15 months
b) 24 months
c) 18 months
d) 36 months

5) The headquarters of WHO is in:

- a) India
b) Switzerland
c) Brazil
d) New York

6) School aged children view hospitalization as:

- a) Punishment
b) Parents anger
c) God's anger
d) A way to relax

Q. 2) Essay type (any two out of three)

(2X10)= 20

a. Answer the following.

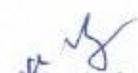
- i Define growth and development. 2
ii Enlist the factors affecting growth and development. 3
iii Write down the growth and development in infants, also mentioning the milestones of infants. 5

b. Answer the following.

- i Define KMC. 2
ii Enlist the component and advantages. 3
iii Explain the procedure of KMC. 5

c. Answer the following.

- i Define Hyperbilirubinemia. 2
ii Enlist the clinical features. 3
iii Explain the management of hyperbilirubinemia. 5


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Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

(4X5)= 20

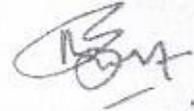
- a. Explain the role of nurses in IMNCI.
- b. Enlist the advantages of breast feeding.
- c. Explain the IMNCI case management process.
- d. Define cold chain.
- e. Define immunization schedule.

Q. 4) Very Short answer type questions (Any two out of three)

(2X2)= 04

- a. Enlist the any four basic rights of children.
- b. Define pediatric in nursing.
- c. Describe the care of normal new born.

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Time: 10.30 AM -1.30 PM

TOTALMARKS -75

Date: 08/12/2025

Q. A) Multiple Choice Questions

(12X01)= 12

- 1) The period from birth to 28 days is called period
 - a) Neonatal
 - b) Adolescent
 - c) Early Neonatal
 - d) Perinatal
- 2) Breast milk can be stored at room temperature for how many hours
 - a) 2 hours
 - b) 4 hours
 - c) 6 hours
 - d) 8 hours
- 3) height of neonate doubles by
 - a) 4 years
 - b) 3 years
 - c) 2 years
 - d) 1 years
- 4) In a 2-12 month baby, which respiratory rate may be an indicators of pneumonia:
 - a) More than 60/minute
 - b) More than 50/minute
 - c) More than 40/minute
 - d) More than 30/minute
- 5) Dose of vitamin-A at 9 months:
 - a) 50000 IU
 - b) 1,00,000 IU
 - c) 2,00,000 IU
 - d) 3,00,000 IU
- 6) How much vitamin C should a baby get per day:
 - a) 10 mg per day
 - b) 50 mg per day
 - c) 30 mg per day
 - d) 60 mg per day
- 7) School aged children view hospitalization as:
 - a) Punishment
 - b) Parents anger
 - c) God's anger
 - d) A way to relax
- 8) A rich source of vitamin A is:
 - a) Papaya
 - b) Groundnut
 - c) Tomato
 - d) Lemon
- 9) The vaccine given at the age of 5 years is:
 - a) DPT-1st dose
 - b) DPT-2nd dose
 - c) DT
 - d) DPT-3rd dose

10) The normal head circumference at birth is:

- a) 33cm
- b) 39cm
- d) 36cm
- d) 31cm

11) Treatment of choice for physiological jaundice is:

- b) Oxygen therapy
- b) Phototherapy
- e) Steroid therapy
- d) Exchange blood transfusion

12) A substance present in breast milk that protects the baby from enteric infections is:

- a) T lymphocytes
- b) Para-aminobenzoic acid
- c) Lactoferrin
- d) Lysozyme

Q. 2) Essay type Questions (any two out of three)

(02X15)= 30

a. Answer the following.

- i Define Hyperbilirubinemia. 2
- ii Enlist the clinical features. 3
- iii Role of nurses in hyperbilirubinemia. 3
- iv Explain the management of hyperbilirubinemia. 7

b. Answer the following.

- i Define KMC. 2
- ii Enlist the component and advantages. 3
- iii Explain the procedure of KMC. 10

c. Answer the following.

Miss. Laxmi 12 yr. old female child admitted in the pediatric ward with infection of eye, Interpret the meaning of Conjunctivitis and explain the medical management and nursing management of Conjunctivitis. 15

Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any five out of six)

(05X05)= 25

- a. Enlist the principles growth and development.
- b. Define growth and development.
- c. Write down the rights of children.
- d. Enlist the factors affecting growth and development.
- e. Describe the care of normal new born.
- f. Explain weaning process.

Q. 4) Very Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

(04X02)= 08

- a. Role of nurses in immunization
- b. Enlist the causes of pneumonia.
- c. Enlist the National programs related to child health and describe the RCH program.
- d. Enlist any three reflexes in newborn.
- e. Define cold chain.

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Prubane
03/12/25

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Dr. RAJENDRA GODE INSTITUTE OF NURSING, AMRAVATI

**Sessional I Examination
Fifth Semester B.Sc. Nursing
Subject:- Mental Health Nursing - I**

Date :- / /

**Marks :- 50
Hours:- 2 Hrs**

Q.1 Multiple Choice Question

1x6= 6 Marks

1. Who is the first psychiatric nurse
a) Hildegard Peplau b) Betty Neuman c) Linda Richards d) Florence Nightingale
2. Abstract thinking is governed by
a) Occipital lobe b) Frontal lobe c) Pariatal lobe d) Temporal lobe
3. According to Freud, which of the following is in closest contact with reality?
a) Id b) Ego c) Superego d) Psychoanalysis.
4. A belief that he/she is being attacked, harassed is known as
a) Delusion of reference b) Delusion of infidelity c) Delusion of persecution d) Delusion of control
5. Obsessive and exclusive interest in one's own self
a) Jamais vu b) Narcissism c) Labile affect d) Hostile
6. The quadrant of Johari Window which include the thoughts and feelings which are unknown to self but known to others is.....
a) Unknown area b) Open area c) Blind spot d) Hidden area

Q. 2. Very Short Answer Question (Any 2)

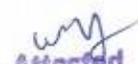
2x2= 4Marks

1. Enlist characteristics of mentally healthy person
2. Define hallucination and enlist types of hallucination with meaning.
3. Role of psychiatric nurse.

Q.3. Short Answer Question (Any 4)

5x4= 20 Marks

1. General principles of mental health nursing
2. Explain cognitive aspects in mental status examination
3. Concept of normal and abnormal behavior
4. Write note on etiology : bio- psychosocial factors


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5. Define delusion and explain types of delusion.

Q.4 Long Answer Question (Any 2)

10x2 = 20 Marks

1. a) Explain Pre morbid personality. (2 Marks)
b) Elaborate multidisciplinary team. (4 Marks)
c) Explain scope and standards of mental health nursing. (4 Marks)
2. a) Define therapeutic communication. (2 Marks)
b) Discuss nurse – patient relationship and therapeutic impasses. (4 Marks)
c) Describe therapeutic communication techniques. (4 Marks)
3. a) Define mental health. (2 Marks)
b) Explain Existential Model. (4 Marks)
c) Describe insight and it's scores (4 Marks)

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The Principal's Office Institute of
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Date :- / /

Marks :- 75
Hours:- 3 Hrs

Q.1 Multiple Choice Question

1x12= 12 Marks

1. The Indian Society of Psychiatric Nurses was founded during the year
a) 1986 b) 1991 c) 1989 d) 1995
2. Reverting to an older, less mature way of handling stresses and feelings
a) undoing b) Conversion c) Regression d) Suppression
3. Part of brain that regulates higher levels of cognitive function
a) Cerebellum b) Cerebrum c) Limbic system d) None of the above
4. Unconscious transfer of inappropriate attributes originally associated with another individual by the nurse is called:
a) Empathy b) Rapport c) Transference d) Counter - transference
5. Drugs that activates receptors are termed as
a) Agonist b) Antagonist c) Reuptake d) Blockage
6. Techniques used in psychoanalysis include all *except*
a) Free association b) Dream Analysis c) Abreaction Therapy d) Psychotherapy
7. Which of the following is a negative symptom of schizophrenia
a) Delusion b) Apathy c) Hallucination d) Thought disturbance
8. A patient with mania says, " we can, pan, scan, ran, plan.." the nurse identifies this as
a) Clang Association b) Echolalia c) Word Salad d) Neologism
9. State of uneasiness arising out of anticipation of danger is termed as:
a) Anxiety b) Phobia c) Obsessions d) Compulsions
10. Emotional process of coping with a loss
a) Grandiose b) Grief c) Amnesia d) Eustress
11. Cranial nerve no. VIII is
a) Trigeminal b) Accessory c) Vestibulocochlear d) Facial
12. Who classified prevention in mental health as primary, secondary and tertiary
a) Freud b) Maxwell c) Gordon d) Caplan

Q. 2. Long Answer Question (Any 2)

2x15= 30Marks

1. a) Define Mental Health (2 Marks)
b) Explain contemporary roles of psychiatric nurse (6 Marks)
c) Describe concept of normal and abnormal behavior (7 Marks)
2. a) Behavior Therapy (5 Marks)
b) Play Therapy (5 Marks)
c) Psychoanalysis (5 Marks)
3. a) Define schizophrenia (2 Marks)
b) Explain types of schizophrenia (6 Marks)
c) Prepare nursing care plan for the client with schizophrenia (at least three care plans) (7 Marks)

Q.3. Short Answer Question (Any 5)

5x5= 25 Marks

1. Mini mental status examination
2. Therapeutic communication techniques
3. Classification of antidepressants and antipsychotics

4. ECT

5. Clinical features and psychopathology of mood disorders.

6. Dissociative disorders

Q.4. Very Short Answer Question (Any 4)

2x4 = 8 Marks

1. Define hypnagogic and hypnopompic hallucination

2. Enlist first rank symptoms of schizophrenia

3. Write down the defense mechanisms

4. What 6A20 and 6A60 indicates as per ICD-11

5. Enlist quadrants of Johari window

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{Time: 11.00 AM -1.00 PM}

(TOTALMARKS -50)

Q. A) Multiple Choice questions

(6X1)=06

1) Tertiary prevention means.....

- a) Measures taken 3rd time for disease
- b) Prevention of infections
- c) Measures to reduce disability
- d) Measures to promote health

2) National Rural Health Mission launched on

- a) May 12th 2001
- b) April 12th 2005
- c) April 1th 2015
- d) May 12th 2010

3) Effect of air pollution

- a) Acid Rain
- b) Ozone layer depletion
- c) Global Warming
- d) All the Above

4) Normal BMI Value for Adult is

- a) BMI <17.0
- b) BMI <18.5-24.9
- c) BMI <18.5
- d) BMI <25.0

5) School health services are

- a) Comprehensive services for school Children
- b) Health care services to public
- c) Services to adolescent girls
- d) Services for school dropout children

6) The Population covered by a Primary Health Center is

- a) 1,00,000 Population
- b) 30,000 Population
- c) 50000 Population
- d) 1,20,000 Population

Q. 2) Essay type questions (any Two out of three)

(2X10) =20

A) Answer the following.

- i) Define Health
- ii) Explain in details about level of prevention with intervention

B) Describe in details about the role of community health nurse in Prevention of Pollution.

C) Answer the following.

- a) Define School Health Services?
- b) Components of School Health Services.
- d) The Role of School Health Nurse in school health Programme.

Q. 3) Short answer type questions (Any four out of five)

(4X5) = 20

- Difference Between Malnutrition and Kwashiorkor
- Mention the Role of ASHA under NRHM.
- Explain the Importance of Nutrition and role of nurse.
- What is Biodiversity and its Importance.
- Describe National Health Policy.

Q. 4) Very Short answer type questions (Any two out of three)

(2X2) = 04

- Define Nutrition?
- Health Planning Steps.
- Swatchh Bharat Abhiyan

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Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of Nursing, Amravati

Sessional Examination – II

B.Sc. Nursing Third Year (Semester -V)

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND EPIDEMIOLOGY

{Time : 10:30 AM – 01:30 PM}
75)

(TOTAL MARKS -

Instructions:

- 1) All Questions are Compulsory
- 2) The number to right indicates full marks
- 3) Draw diagram wherever necessary

Que.1) Multiple Choice Questions

(12x1=12 marks)

1. Which of the following are highly prevalent global nutrition problems?
 - a) Vitamin A Deficiency
 - b) Undernutrition
 - c) Inflammation of upper part of stomach.
 - d) All of the options listed are Correct .
2. Incubation period of malaria is
 - a) 70 to 30 days
 - b) 12 to 14 days
 - c) 14 to 20 days
 - d) all of the above
3. The most direct method for, measuring body composition is
 - a) Underwater weighing
 - b) Skinfold test
 - c) Body mass index
 - d) weight
4. Community is an organizedis an essential features of mankind
 - a) Social Life and family living
 - b) Social Life and Friendly living
 - c) Friendly life and family living
 - d) Human life and family living
5. ICDS is related to
 - a) Education of girl
 - b) Sexual and reproductive health
 - c) Immunization
 - d) Nutrition
6. Source of folic acid are
 - a) Spinach
 - b) Banana
 - c) Carrots
 - d) Papaya
7. Which of the following program provide supplementary nutrition program?
 - a) NRHM
 - b) ICDS
 - c) UIP
 - d) RCH
8. Method of one-way communication
 - a) Panel discussion
 - b) Lecture Method
 - c) Conference
 - d) Workshop
9. Basic unit of health is
 - a) Individual
 - b) Family
 - c) Community
 - d) Both b and c
10. Main goal of School Health Program is
 - a) Distribute medicine to the students
 - b) Promote mental and physical health of students
 - c) Treat disease among students
 - d) None of the above

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11. The most common type of cancer in females is

- A) Cervical cancer
- B) Breast cancer I
- C) Colonic cancer
- D) Lung cancer

12. Leprosy can be transmitted through

- a) Mother to child
- b) Breast milk
- c) Insect Vector
- d) None of the above

Que 2. Essay types / situation types questions (Any Two out of three)

(2x15=30)

- A) a) Define BCC.
b) Write the importance of BCC with the term of Communication, Process, Principles
c) Role and responsibility of community health nursing in BCC
- B) a) Define Health Planning
b) Steps of Health Planning
c) Role of Nurse in Health Care delivery system
d) Components of Primary health care
- C) a) Define CHN
b) Explain the principles of CHN
c) Determinants of health

Que 3. Short answer type questions (any five)

(5x5=25)

1. Concept of epidemiology.
2. Uses of records and reports
3. Home visits, Principles, Purpose, Qualities of Community Health Nurse
4. Preparation Of Health Education Plan
5. NRHM

Que 4. Very Short Answer questions (any four)

(2x4=8)

1. Measles.
2. Nursing Process.
3. Bhole committee
4. Role of nurse in vector-borne diseases
5. Prostitution

only
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Dr. Rajendra Gode Institute of
Nursing, Amravati-444602 (MH)